# A Factory Tour Unit



Factory tour is an important part in business activities. Buyers will get a comprehensive understanding of the products and the production process in the tour. Meanwhile, the manufacturer can demonstrate their advantages to attract buyers.

工厂参观是商务活动的一个重要环节。通过参观工厂, 采购商可以全面深入地了解产品和生产过程。 同时, 生产商可以通过展示自己的实力来吸引采购商。

# Part I Warm-up

Blue Bell Creameries is an ice cream maker. Guided tours about Blue Bell and how to make ice cream are offered at their production facilities. Please read the description and choose the proper word to fill in each blank.

taste	enjoy	shop	make	closed	tour	eat
Folks of	all ages seem	to like our plan	nt tour, but it n	nay be because	they get to ea	at some of our
famous ice ci	ream when it's	over. Since you	ı can't 1)	Blue	e Bell over the	Internet, you
might want to	2)	our facility an	ad 3)	the fruits of	our labour for	yourself.
		le museum ful				
4)	seeing. Plus, v	we have a short	movie about c	our history and	how we 5)	ice
cream that is	pretty good, to	00.				
We offer	guided plant	tours weekday	s throughout t	he year, but w	e're 6)	on
weekends. Ho	wever, the Cou	ntry Store and	Ice Cream Parl	our are open or	ı most Saturda	ys, so you can
7)	around and trea	at yourself to a bi	ig helping of you	ır favourite Blue	Bell flavour.	
_					回接357回 (25位数35)	
Part	II Lis	tenin	g Pra	ctice		

#### Task 1

The following are some examples of questions often asked during a factory tour. Please find their corresponding responses, and then listen to the dialogues to check your answers.

#### **Questions:**

- (1) I hope the noise isn't bothering you?
- (2) Why don't we start at the workshop?
- (3) What did you think of our factory?
- (4) What's your overall impression?
- (5) How big is your factory?
- (6) What is your market share?
- (7) How many workers are there in your factory?
- (8) Well, shall we have a break? You must be tired, having seen all of our plants all at once.
- (9) Are all the products available now?
- (10) Is there anything else you'd like to see?

#### **Responses:**

- a. Not really. But there is a lot to take in. Let's have a break!
- b. At present, there are 2,000 workers at the plant.
- c. The multiplex of 9 buildings totals 767, 708 square feet of floor area.
  - d. Of course. We have good stock levels.
- e. Sure. I'll follow you.
- f. It's no bother!
- g. Very big and modern.
- h. 45%.
- i. I'd like to visit your research department.
- j. I'm very favourably impressed.

#### Task 2

# New Words and Expressions

aerospace *adj.* 航空和航天 (器制造)的 jetliner *n.* 喷气客机 military *adj.* 军用的 aircraft *n.* 飞行器

flight *n.* 飞行 showcase *v.* 展示 helicopter *n.* 直升机 missile *n.* 导弹

1. Boeing is the world's leading aerospace company and the largest manufacturer of commercial jetliners and military aircraft combined. Listen to the introduction of the Boeing Everett Factory tours and choose the correct word to fill in each blank.

	showcase advanced	manufacturer leader	production services	globe producer
various	advanced	leader	services	producer
Boeing is one	of the world's leadi	ng 1)	companies.	
_	mirroring the hist		_ ^	
	of commercial jetline			
	. The Boeing Ev			
	the Boeing and Evere			
	87. On the 5)			
	stages of manufact			
	_ stages of manufact ht test. As Boeing is a			
_	nelicopters, space ve			
-				
	e to see 8)e tour, visitors will to			
in the world.	tour, visitors will to	ur the largest bullun	ig by volume	
		: £	anian af tha	
•	tour, we believe vis	•		
	will realise that they			
number one aeros	pace 10)	in the world: Boein	g Everett.	

# Part III Language Focus A



# **Factory tour (I)**

# Showing visitors around a factory

I'll show you around and explain the process.

I'll guide you through the factory and give you a demonstration of our most recent models.

I'll take you around the factory and give you an idea of how our machines operate.

That'll be helpful.

That'll be very interesting.

We'd like that very much.

# Talking about the size of a factory

# Talking about the history of a factory

When was the plant set up?

When did you start operations?

How long has your factory been established?

The plant was set up in the early 1970s.

The factory was established some 20 years ago by merging two small-sized operations.

(3) Q: How do they control the quality of the products? A:

We've been operating for about 10 years.

How many square metres does this warehouse cover?

How large is the machine shop?

How large is the plant?

It covers an area of 75,000 square metres.

Its total area is 4 square kilometres. It covers a total area of 5,000 square metres.

### **Follow-up Practice**

1.	You will hear a dialogue between Thomas and Richard when they have a factory
	tour. Listen to the dialogue and choose the correct answer to each question.

(1) Where will they visit?			
a. The machine shop.	b. The design shop.	c. The production shop.	
(2) How long does the factory tour last?			
a. For half an hour.	b. For an hour.	c. For one and a half hours.	
(3) What do they have to wear during	the tour?		
a. A jacket.	b. Gloves.	c. A helmet.	
(4) How is the assembly line operated?	?		
a. Half-automated.	b. Fully automated.	c. Manually.	
(5) How many checks do all products l	have to go through in the whole	manufacturing process?	
a. 3.	b. 4.	c. 5.	
Listen again and answer the fo	llowing questions.		
(1) Q: What will be the output in Nov	ember? A:		
(2) Q: What's the usual percentage of	rejects? A:		

2.

# Part IV Video 1



# **Ford Rouge Factory tour**

# New Words and Expressions

core *n.* 核心 affiliated *adj.* 附属的 meeting *n.* 汇合处 soybean *n.* 大豆 conversion *n.* 转化

footage *n.* 电影胶片 triumph *n.* 成功 virtual *adj.* 虚拟的 lean *adj.* (行业、公司)高效精干的 elevated walkway 高架行人道

#### **Pre-viewing**

1. Work in pairs. Suppose you are the director of the marketing department of a car company, and are invited to the Ford Rouge Factory on a business visit. What should you plan to find out about Ford during your factory tour? Discuss your ideas with your partner.

the company history
the R&D department

2. Look at the following pictures to have a rough idea of the video.

#### Presenter



lvy Black, Promotion Manager in Ford Motor Company

## Setting



Ivy Black gives an introduction to the Ford Rouge Factory tour.

## Viewing

1. Watch the video and fill in the following blanks.

The name of the company	Ford Motor	
Sales areas	(1)	
The number of employees	(2)	
The number of plants	(3)	
The number of automotive brands	(4)	
The location of Ford Rouge Factory	In the south of Detroit	
The number of the buildings	(5)	

2. Watch the video again and find out how long each part of the factory tour will last.

Part of the factory tour	Time
Historic Driving Tour	(1) minutes
Rare Historic Footage Viewing	(2) minutes
Virtual Reality Experience	(3) minutes
Assembly Plant Walking Tour	(4) minutes

## **Post-viewing**

Work in pairs. Discuss the following questions.

- (1) What will you see during the Historic Driving Tour?
- (2) What will you learn during the Rare Historic Footage Viewing?
- (3) What will you experience during the Virtual Reality Experience?
- (4) What will you see during the Assembly Plant Walking Tour?

# Part V Language Focus B



# **Factory tour (II)**



# **Asking about production**

Is the production line fully automated?
Is the assembly line computer-controlled?
Is production mechanised?
Well, only half-automated.
Well, not fully computer-controlled.
Yes, it's fully mechanised.

# **Talking about quality control**

How do you control quality?

How do your quality control systems work?

What kind of quality control do you operate?

All products have to go through three checks during the manufacturing process.

There are a total of five checks during the production process.

All products will be thoroughly inspected before they go into the market.

# Talking about impressions following a tour of a factory

It has given me a good idea of your product range.

It has given me a thorough understanding of your products.

It has helped me to form a picture of your production process.

I'm glad it was useful.

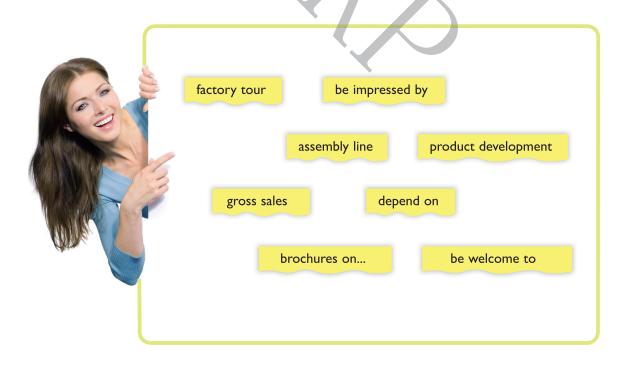
I'm pleased you found it helpful.

#### **Follow-up Practice**

- 1. You will hear a dialogue between Thomas and Richard after they have taken a factory tour. Listen to the dialogue and choose the correct answer to each question.
  - (1) What's the visitor's general impression of the factory?
    - a. Too bad.

b. Just so-so.

- c. Remarkable.
- (2) What does Thomas think of the production speed of the factory?
  - a. It's not very impressive.
  - b. It gives the factory an advantage over its competitors.
  - c. It has no difference with that of other producers.
- (3) Who made the high-speed assembly line?
  - a. The engineers.
  - b. The technicians.
  - c. The engineers and technicians.
- (4) How much is spent on new product development every year?
  - a. About 8% of the gross sales.
  - b. About 10% of the gross sales.
  - c. About 8% to 10% of the gross sales.
- (5) Who would visit the factory someday?
  - a. Richard's manager.
- b. Thomas's manager.
- c. Nobody.
- 2. Work in pairs. Listen to the dialogue again and try to retell the story to your partner with the following expressions.



# Part VI Video 2



# **Victory Instant Noodle Factory tour**



# **New Words and Expressions**

instant *adj.* (食品) 速溶的,方便的 flour *n.* 面粉 silo *n.* 筒仓 knead *v.* 揉(面)成团 dough *n.* 生面团 roller *n*. 滚筒 strand *n*. 一股 pre-steaming *n*. 预蒸 gelatinise *v*. 使胶质化 digestion *n*. 消化

## **Pre-viewing**

1. Work in pairs. Nowadays instant foods become part of our daily consumption. The following are some examples of instant foods. Could you list more? Do you like instant foods? Why or why not?



2. Look at the following pictures to have a rough idea of the video.



#### Viewing

1. Watch the video. As you watch, please pay attention to the producing process. The following are different stages of the instant noodle producing process. Rearrange them in the correct order.



- a. The sheets are cut into fine strands.
- b. Noodles are cooked in oil and then dried for easy storage and quick preparation by the consumer.
- c. Pre-steaming gelatinises the noodles for easier digestion.
- d. Flour is transported by truck from storage silos.
- e. The dough is passed through a pair of rollers to roll it into sheets.
- f. Packages of noodles are packed in boxes for shipping.
- g. The flour is mixed and kneaded in a mixing machine to produce noodle dough.
- h. The noodles are separated into meal-sized blocks which are shaped into moulds.

TD1 . 1 .	
The correct order is:	
THE COFFECT OFACT IS.	

2. Watch the video again and fill in the blanks.

First, I want to give you a brief 1) of the manufacturing			
process of instant noodles.			
The 2) instant noodles were made in Japan in 1958.			
Today noodles are known around the globe. All over the world, every			
year, they are 3) at about 80 billion meals.			
Do you know how instant noodles are made? For such a simple-looking			
product, the 4) process is actually quite complex. Here we reveal			
the 5) of how instant noodles are made. All the facts are			
waiting for you on this virtual instant noodle factory tour.			



#### Post-viewing

Work in pairs. Choose Card A, B, or C and read the factory tour profile. Then prepare a two-minute dialogue with your partner. Try every card if you have enough time.



## **Card A**

## Before Touring a Factory

You are a visitor, and your partner is the receptionist of a factory. You are discussing a factory tour in the near future. The details discussed include the visiting time, area, and a meeting with the manager concerned, etc.

### **Card B**

## Touring a Factory

You are a visitor, and your partner is a receptionist of the factory. You are on a factory tour. You start at the production shop, and then go to the Product-developing Department. You ask the receptionist some questions about the factory, such as its area, history, production scales, and developing goals. The receptionist answers these questions.

#### Card C

#### After Touring a Factory

You are a visitor, and your partner is the receptionist of a factory. You've just finished a factory tour, and are talking about your impression on the factory and the possibilities of future cooperation.

# **Business Culture**

# **Factory Tours**

Some major companies provide a tour of their factory in order to show perspective customers and interested parties how their factory is run. These tours are generally open to all members of the public and whilst sometimes a small fee is charged, they are usually free. Usually tours are arranged to a definite daily schedule, though sometimes an appointment may have to be made, especially for large groups. Often, companies give away small samples of their products or brochures to anyone who takes their tours.

The United States became an economic dynamo (发电机) thanks largely to its ability to mass-produce low cost goods. To do so, factory designers, engineers, and managers constantly had to come up with innovative ways to increase production. And that legacy is not a thing of the past. Factories all over the country still churn out (艰苦地做出) a huge variety of products every day and in the increasingly competitive world, innovation continues to be important to success. Some manufacturers believe opening their doors to visitors will help them establish good relations with the public. A memorable factory tour can strengthen what may only be a casual awareness into long-term enthusiasm for a product.

Guitarists (吉他弹奏者) love visiting the Martin Guitar plant in Nazareth, Pennsylvania. Corvette (轻巡洋舰) fans enjoy paying their respects at the assembly plant in Bowling Green, Kentucky. Ice cream lovers will enjoy sampling new lines at Ben and Jerry's when they're in Waterbury, Vermont.

Whatever your interests, it's easy to integrate a factory tour into family vacation plans. Some factory tours are appropriate for the whole family. Who wouldn't want to watch candy being made or pastries baked? But there are also many factories that appeal to more specialised tastes such as car making plants or wineries. With something for everyone, tours can be extremely good value.

