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UNIT

1

Desirable Traits



Listening and Speaking

Listening

News Report

Is This the Most Honest Village in the U.K.?

Exercise 1: Listen to five phrases and fill in the blanks.

- 1 cash _____ worth 2,000 pounds 价值2000英镑的成捆现金
- 2 usually left in _____ sight 总是丢弃在光天化日之下
- 3 be _____ across the small village 散落在小村庄各处
- 4 these unexpected _____ 这些意料之外的事件
- 5 a(n) _____ part of the world 世界上某个富足的地方

Exercise 2: Listen to a news report and decide whether the following statements are true (T) or false (F).

- _____ 1 People in a small northern England village kept finding bundles of cash worth thousands of pounds on the streets.
- _____ 2 The local police would give the money to charity, if not claimed within two weeks.
- _____ 3 The police spokesperson pointed out that the villagers were honest even when facing that amount of cash.

Exercise 3: Think about honesty and answer the following questions.

- 1 What are your opinions on the news?
- 2 How do you describe an honest person?
- 3 How can we improve our honesty?



Good Credit
Just Ahead

Long Conversation

The Good Samaritan

Exercise 1: Listen to five phrases and fill in the blanks.

- 1 an oncoming _____ train 迎面驶来的地铁列车
- 2 upon the _____ of the incident 事件发生时
- 3 to look on with _____ 惊恐地观望
- 4 to see the train rounding a(n) _____ 看见列车转弯
- 5 to _____ the baby 一把抓住婴儿

Exercise 2: Listen to a long conversation and choose the best answer to each of the following questions.

- 1 What did Kerry Burke from *Daily News* say about the man?
A. He prevented a train crash. B. He saved a baby boy's life.
C. He wanted to be a superhero. D. He was a witness to an accident.
- 2 What do we learn about the man from the conversation?
A. He enjoys the interview. B. He has a 9-month-old boy.
C. He commutes by subway. D. He is currently unemployed.
- 3 What caused the incident?
A. A rock on the tracks. B. A misplaced pushchair.
C. A strong wind. D. A speeding car.
- 4 How did the mother react when the incident occurred?
A. She cried bitterly. B. She shouted for help.
C. She called the police at once. D. She stood frozen in shock.
- 5 How did other people react according to witnesses?
A. They watched in horror. B. They lifted the man.
C. They tried to stop the train. D. They jumped down to save the baby.

Exercise 3: Work in pairs and talk about one of the following topics.

- The spirit you learn from the man in the conversation
- The bravest thing you have ever done
- Ordinary Chinese people and their tales of incredible courage

Short Passage

Grit (坚毅)

Exercise 1: Listen to five phrases and fill in the blanks.

- 1 _____ and passion 坚守和激情
- 2 (be) compared to their _____ 与同龄人相比
- 3 Ivy _____ undergraduates 常春藤盟校本科生
- 4 with enough _____ 有足够的胆量
- 5 a(n) _____ of inspiration 一剂灵感的良药

Exercise 2: Listen to a short passage and choose the best answer to each of the following questions.

- 1 What is grit according to the passage?
A. It is our long-term goal.
B. It is our important skill and ability.
C. It is our determination and belief to reach goals.
D. It is our desire and ambition to achieve success.
- 2 Which of the following is TRUE according to the passage?
A. West Point trainees scored higher than Ivy League undergraduates on the Grit Test.
B. A university student's GPA is unrelated to his / her level of grit.
C. Competitors in the National Spelling Bee performed better than their peers.
D. Grit is playing a significant role in a person's performance and success.

- 3 What is the first step to build grit?
- A. Being clear about what grit is to you.
 - B. Designing your own schedule in advance.
 - C. Sticking to a workout plan for at least one month.
 - D. Inviting one of your friends to catch up with you.
- 4 What is an effective way to develop more grit, according to the speaker?
- A. Working and growing your muscles.
 - B. Challenging yourself with more repetitions.
 - C. Creating your own world instead of accepting reality.
 - D. Fighting against laziness with your strong mind.
- 5 What can be inferred about grit from the passage?
- A. Grit is just a strong habit.
 - B. Grit is about having a great deal of inspiration.
 - C. Grit is a hard-won precious trait.
 - D. Grit is about being intelligent and diligent.

Exercise 3: Work in groups and look for information about grit. Prepare a presentation according to the outline below.

- Your personal definition of grit
- The role of grit in your work and life
- The things you can do to build your grit



Speaking

Exercise 1: Read the passage aloud and write down the Chinese meaning of the phrases in bold.

Heartwarming Moment

Scott Dunn recently awoke from a **medically-induced sleep** he'd been in after a car accident. He was heartbroken after realizing he'd missed his high school graduation, so his classmates decided to give him another chance. It was just a month ago that East Juniata High School seniors met in **the school's auditorium** for graduation.

And last week, they did it again. Scott's car accident was on May 22nd, **just three days before the ceremony**. "I remember waking up in the hospital and asking Mom what date it was. She told me it was the 28th," he said. "I looked at her and said I missed my graduation." The school's principal Mr. Fausey called Scott's mom Karen and said that everybody wanted to do something special for him. Students **wore their caps and gowns** and sat in the front of the auditorium. Scott's parents, Karen and Scott Senior, sat front and center. After brief speeches, Scott's name was called, only Scott's name. He walked across the stage as the audience cheered. A graduation for one. "I **am totally speechless**," Scott said. "I don't know how to even explain it. I'm speechless to know that so many people are behind me."

(200 words)

- 1 a medically-induced sleep _____
- 2 the school's auditorium _____
- 3 just three days before the ceremony _____
- 4 to wear their caps and gowns _____
- 5 (be) totally speechless _____

Exercise 2: Answer the following questions according to the passage.

- 1 What happened to Scott a month ago?
- 2 What was the result of the incident?
- 3 What did Scott ask about when he regained consciousness?
- 4 What did Scott's classmates do for him?
- 5 Why was Scott speechless at the graduation ceremony?

Exercise 3: Start a conversation with your partner and the following tips are for information only.

- The heartwarming moments in your life
- Your understanding of empathy (共情)
- Your opinions on whether empathy can be developed as an ability

Reading and Understanding

Passage 1

Exercise 1: Learn the words and complete the English sentences according to the Chinese.

1 **admirable** *adj.* 可钦佩的

这位外交官在新闻发布会上展现出了令人钦佩的智慧和冷静。

The diplomat showed _____ in the press conference.

2 **assess** *vt.* 评估

已发布一项报告来评估广告对10岁以下儿童的影响。

A report was issued to _____ on children under the age of ten.

3 **commitment** *n.* 承诺

承诺高质量产品和服务,是这家公司成功的直接原因。

The company's _____ has directly resulted in its success.

4 **deficiency** *n.* 不足

尽管他作为小说家存在明显不足,但却是一名出色的诗人。

In spite of _____ as a novelist, he was an excellent poet.

5 **deny** *vt.* 否认

无可否认,诚信、勇敢、坚毅和共情都是值得拥有的优秀品格。

There is _____ honesty, courageousness, grit, and empathy are all desirable traits.

6 **endure** *vi.* 持久

夫妻俩很开心,他们持续了20年的婚姻如今愈发甜蜜。

The couple are very happy that their marriage, _____, is now getting even sweeter.

7 **genius** *n.* 天才

詹姆斯8岁的儿子被公认为讲故事的天才。

The 8-year-old son of James was acknowledged as _____.

8 **humble** *adj.* 谦虚的

依本人拙见, 激情和浪漫绝不是坚固情感的唯一基础。

_____, passion and romance are by no means the only foundations of a strong relationship.

9 **possess** *vt.* 拥有

很少有人像他一样拥有高尚的人格、敏锐的洞察力和独特的品位。

Few people _____, acute insight and unique taste like he does.

10 **spouse** *n.* 配偶

作为丈夫, 张先生体贴入微, 充满爱意, 是模范配偶。

As a husband, Mr. Zhang fulfilled the model role of _____.

Exercise 2: Read the passage carefully and select one word for each blank from a list of choices given in the box.

Humility (谦逊): The Key to a Lasting Romance

Many people believe that passion and 1 are the foundations of strong romantic relationships. But a relationship is made of two unique individuals. And the personality traits these individuals 2 or lack can often make a relationship more or less likely to 3. Recent research has found that one trait in particular — humility — is an important indicator of successful relationships. Humility can sometimes be confused with a lack of confidence. But researchers have come to realize that being 4 generally indicates the presence of deeply 5 personal qualities. Being humble means without 6 your skills and strengths, you have the ability to 7 your weakness. For example, you might recognize that you are intelligent, but realize that you are not a(n) 8. Thus, humility leads to an honest view of one's own advantages and shortcomings. Humble people do not ignore, avoid, or try to deny their limits or 9. They can acknowledge mistakes, see value in things that are far from perfect and identify areas for improvement.

Perhaps it is not surprising, then, that humility appears to be a huge asset to relationships. One study found that people tend to rate this quality highly in their ____ 10 _____. The study also found that someone who is humble is more likely to initiate a romantic relationship, perhaps because they are less likely to see themselves as “too good” for someone else. Thus, a humble partner might be your ideal partner.

(240 words)

A. denying B. endure C. admirable D. possess E. spouse
F. assess G. genius H. deficiencies I. commitment J. humble

Exercise 3: Look for information about humility. Share your findings with the class according to the outline below.

- Your understanding of humility
- A humble person you know
- Humility in traditional Chinese culture

Passage 2

Exercise 1: Learn the words and complete the English sentences according to the Chinese.

1 *via prep.* 通过

一项调查发现，超过三成的学生曾通过智能手机作弊。

A survey found that over 30% of students _____.

2 *strategy n.* 策略

许多情况下，学生根本没有意识到在智能手机上找答案等做法属于作弊。

In many cases, students did not realize that _____ on a smartphone were actually cheating at all.

3 rarely *adv.* 很少

在英国的课堂上, 很少能抓住作弊的学生。

In British classrooms, students who cheat _____.

4 formula *n.* 公式

(学生)手掌上没写公式, 也没有学生把答案小声说给同学。

There are _____ written on the palms or students
whispering answers to their classmates.

5 attempt *n.* 企图

现在的学生经常利用智能手机和平板电脑来帮助他们实现作弊企图。

Today's students often use smartphones and tablets to help with _____
_____.

6 trace *n.* 痕迹

这样一来, 根本无法发现他们作弊的任何痕迹。

Thus, it is unable to find _____.

7 adequately *adv.* 充分地

科技手段很快就被用于作弊, 各学区无法充分跟进应对作弊的政策。

The technology is being adopted so quickly that school districts cannot
_____.

8 consistently *adv.* 一贯地

校方必须制定将科技手段考虑在内的反作弊政策, 而且这些政策必须不断更新。

Schools must develop anti-cheating policies that include technology and these
policies _____.

9 guard *n.* 戒备

教师必须对学生在教室里的行为及科技在学习过程中的负面效果保持警惕。

Teachers _____ when it comes to what their students
are doing in classrooms and how technology could be playing a negative role in
the learning process.

10 innocent *adj.* 没有恶意的

家长务必提醒孩子注意在他们看来似乎无伤大雅的不道德行为。

Parents must alert their kids to unethical behaviors that _____
_____ in their own eyes.

Exercise 2: Read the passage and choose the best answer to each of the following questions.

Cheating and Technology

- 1) Academic dishonesty is nothing new. As long as there have been homework assignments and tests, there have been cheaters. The way that cheating looks has changed over time, though, particularly now that technology has made it easier than ever. A study by the Josephson Institute of Ethics interviewed 23,000 high school students and asked them a variety of questions about academic ethics. Of the teens surveyed, 51 percent said that they had knowingly cheated at some point on an exam but that they did not feel uneasy about the behavior. A Common Sense Media survey found that 35 percent of students had cheated via smartphone, though the parents surveyed in that particular study did not believe their kids had ever cheated. In many cases, students did not realize that strategies like looking up answers on a smartphone were actually cheating at all.
- 2) In today's classrooms, students who cheat are rarely caught. There are no formulas written on the insides of hands or students looking across the aisle, or whispering answers to their classmates. Today's students use smartphones, tablets or even in-class computers to help with their cheating attempts and it is unable to find any trace of their crimes. Since cheating through technology is not listed specifically as being against the rules in many school policies, students do not view the actions unethical.
- 3) The technology is being adopted so quickly that school districts cannot adequately keep up with cheating policies, or even awareness campaigns that alert students to the problem with using technology to find answers in a certain way. From a young age, students learn that answers exist conveniently at their fingertips through search engines and expert websites.
- 4) Schools must develop anti-cheating policies that include technology and these policies must be updated consistently. Teachers must stay on guard when it comes to what their students are doing in classrooms and how technology could be playing a negative role in the learning process. Parents must also talk to their

kids about the appropriate ways to find academic answers and alert them to unethical behaviors that may seem innocent in their own eyes.

(352 words)

- 1 What do we learn from the study by the Josephson Institute of Ethics?
 - A. Over half of the students interviewed were unaware they were cheating.
 - B. Cheating was becoming a way of life for a majority of high school teens.
 - C. More than half of the interviewees felt no sense of guilt over cheating.
 - D. Cheating was getting more and more difficult for high school students.
- 2 What did the Common Sense Media survey reveal?
 - A. Most parents tended to over-protect their children.
 - B. Many students committed cheating unknowingly.
 - C. Students were in urgent need of ethical education.
 - D. Parents and kids had conflicting ideas over cheating.
- 3 Why do students rarely get caught cheating nowadays?
 - A. They copy formulas on their palms.
 - B. They help each other to cover up their acts.
 - C. They keep changing their ways of cheating.
 - D. They make use of modern technology.
- 4 What does the author think schools should do to deal with cheating?
 - A. Bring policies against cheating up to date.
 - B. Update their exam methods constantly.
 - C. Take advantage of the latest technologies.
 - D. Alert parents to their children's behavior.
- 5 What does the author suggest teachers do in the classroom?
 - A. Prevent students from overusing electronic devices.
 - B. Develop more effective anti-cheating strategies.
 - C. Find more ways to control students' unethical acts.
 - D. Guard against students' misuse of technology.

Exercise 3: Share your opinions on academic misconduct with the class according to the outline below.

- The meaning of academic misconduct
- The examples of academic misconduct
- The likely consequences of academic misconduct

 **Passage 3**

Exercise 1: Learn the words and complete the English sentences according to the Chinese.

1 fake *adj.* 假的

英国虚假度假别墅网站泛滥,引起人们警觉。

The spread of _____ in the U.K. has prompted warning.

2 stirring *adj.* 激动人心的

一想到能在海边别墅里住上两周,欣赏令人心旷神怡的美景,就足以抵消放假前的劳累。

The thought of two weeks in a coastal villa _____ is enough to offset the labor before the holiday.

3 deception *n.* 欺诈

消费者应当意识到市场上可能存在诈骗,而且绝非罕见。

Consumers should be aware of _____ in this market, which is far from uncommon.

4 victim *n.* 受害人

2017年,英国共接到1632起“别墅诈骗”报案,受害者人均损失2052英镑。

In 2017 there were 1,632 cases of reported “villa fraud” in the U.K., with _____.

5 balloon *vi.* 激化

过去10年间,这个问题在英国愈发严重,诈骗手段越来越高明。

The problem _____ in the U.K., with frauds becoming more and more sophisticated.

6 **authentic** *adj.* 真的

这些虚假网站的名字听上去像真的。

The names of these fake websites _____.

7 **rental** *n.* 租赁

关键词通常包括地名和“夏季”“别墅”“租赁”等字眼。

The keywords normally include the place name, and _____.

8 **amateur** *adj.* 业余的

一开始, 这些网站看起来并不专业, 也没下多少功夫。

At the beginning, these websites _____ and there wasn't a lot of effort.

9 **rip** *vi.* 撕扯

渐渐地, 这些虚假网站变聪明了, 开始广泛地剽窃合法网站的信息。

These fake websites have gradually become clever, starting to _____ legitimate websites.

10 **exceed** *vt.* 超过

一旦供不应求, 西班牙这些度假别墅的价格就会飙升。

The prices of the holiday villas in Spain will increase sharply if _____.

11 **suspicion** *n.* 怀疑

虚假别墅的价格会保持在合理范围之内, 以免引起消费者怀疑。

Prices of fake villas are kept within reasonable ranges to avoid _____.

12 **cyber-** *prefix* 网络的

若您认为自己已沦为诈骗案或网络犯罪的受害者, 请立即报警。

If you believe you have fallen victim to _____, please call the police immediately.

13 **giant** *n.* (公司) 巨头

向互联网巨头举报旗下托管的虚假别墅网站基本无望。

It is basically hopeless to report fake villa websites to _____ who host them.

14 **log** *vt.* 记录

据受害者回忆,一旦付全款后,就再也无法登录该虚假网站。

The victim recalls that she was never able to _____
once she paid in full amount.

15 **cautious** *adj.* 谨慎的

尽管及时找到了另一处度假别墅,她承认自己谨慎多了。

Although she found another villa in time for their holiday, she admits that she
was _____.

Exercise 2: Read the passage with twelve statements attached to it. Each statement contains information given in one of the paragraphs. Identify the paragraph from which the information is derived.

Fake Holiday Villa (别墅) Websites Prompt Warning

- A) During the British winter, the thought of two weeks in a coastal villa with soul-stirring views of the sea and a huge pool to enjoy is enough to offset (抵消) the labor until the holidays start. For a growing number of people, however, their yearly break is turning into a nightmare as they find that the property they have paid thousands for does not exist and the website through which they booked it has disappeared.
- B) Consumers have been warned to be aware of the potential for deception in this market, which is far from uncommon. In 2017 there were 1,632 cases of reported “villa fraud (诈骗)”, with victims losing an average of £2,052, according to Action Fraud, the national center for reporting such frauds. “Millions of pounds are lost each year by defrauded holidaymakers,” says Sean Tipton of the Association of British Travel Agents (ABTA).
- C) The problem has ballooned in the last ten years, with frauds becoming more and more sophisticated. The fake websites have authentic-sounding names involving a mix of keywords, generally including the place name, “summer”, “villas” or “rentals”. Details of legitimate (合法的) villas are often stolen from other sites. “When the fraudsters (诈骗犯) first started it was unsophisticated — the websites looked amateur and there wasn’t a lot of effort,” says Tipton. “Now they are

clever. They extensively rip off legitimate websites and use a different website name. They'll have pictures of a sales team and it might be a poor actor in New York that is down as their head of sales."

- D) Fraudsters target popular seaside destinations for British tourists visiting Spain where prices can increase sharply if demand exceeds supply. Prices are kept within reasonable ranges to avoid raising suspicion. "A villa might cost £5,000 elsewhere and they will offer it at say £3,500. But a bit of a giveaway is that the villa will be cheaper than on other websites and there's unlimited availability," says Tipton. Fraudsters also invest in pay-per-click advertising to feature at the top of search engines when people type in phrases such as "Spanish seaside villas".
- E) With such a degree of professionalism, how can consumers find out if the website they're looking to book with is trustworthy? "When people book holiday villas they are doing so through rose-colored glasses," says Tony Neate, chief executive of Get Safe Online, "They should be searching for the property, and looking on live map websites to see if it's there. Also, speak to the person you're booking the villa with on a landline phone, as fraudsters tend to only use mobiles." He also suggests asking someone not going on the holiday to have a look at the website. "They might spot problems you don't spot." Another potential red flag is being asked to pay by bank transfer. "The problem is that when the money leaves your account it's in theirs straightaway (径直) and it's very hard to track it," says Barclays Bank head of digital safety, Jodie Gilbert. "We generally recommend other forms of payment, like credit cards."
- F) Little seems to be known about these fraudsters. "There is no way to definitely know who they are," says Neate. "It could be anyone. It could be your next-door neighbor or organized crime in Russia." Action Fraud says people should ensure the company renting the villa is a member of a recognized trade body such as ABTA.
- G) "By working with industry partners such as ABTA and Get Safe Online, we are able to issue alerts about the latest threats they should be aware of. If you believe you have fallen victim to fraud or cyber-crime, please report it to Action

Fraud,” it adds. ABTA says it is trying to combat the issue by running public awareness campaigns. “It’s a growing problem and people can’t stop fraudsters being dishonest,” says Tipton. “They’re still going to do it. It’s not impossible to stop but as it’s Internet-based it’s harder to pursue.”

- H) Nick Cooper, the founder and co-owner of villa booking company Villa Plus, estimates his company has uncovered more than 200 fake villa websites over the past two years, and doesn’t believe enough is being done. “It is hopeless to report fake villa websites to the Internet giants who host them,” he says. “I found it impossible to speak to anyone. Also, once one bank account gets reported, they simply use another.”
- I) For now the only way to stop fraudsters appears ultimately to lie in the hands of the consumer. “When people book their holidays they get so emotionally involved, and when they find that villa at a good price with availability in peak season, they are an easy target,” says Cooper. “The public has to learn to be far more aware they are a target for these sorts of frauds.” But it’s not just the financial cost. “A family will turn up at a villa and find out it doesn’t exist or the owner doesn’t know who you are,” says Tipton. “The problem then is you have to find accommodation at short notice. It can be incredibly expensive but it’s the emotional cost, too.”
- J) Carla O’Shaughnessy from Sydenham was searching last year for a good deal to book a villa in Majorca for a summer break for the family. “I was comparing prices online and found one that came in a bit cheaper than others,” says O’Shaughnessy. She emailed the company via its website, asking how far the villa was from the airport and about local restaurants. “They came back with plausible (可信的) answers; it was all very friendly and professional,” she says. Happy with the responses, O’Shaughnessy paid the full amount of £3,000 via bank transfer into the travel agent’s account and then forgot about it until a month before the booking.
- K) “I tried logging on to the website and couldn’t,” she recalls. “I searched for the agent’s name and there were lots of complaints about him being a fraudster. If only I’d searched for it before but I never thought of it.” Although she found

another villa in time for their holiday, she admits she was much more cautious. “I paid through a secure third-party site and had phone conversations with the agent. But I wasn’t able to relax until we turned up and I had the keys.”

(1,040 words)

- _____ 1 Fraudsters often steal villa-booking information from authentic holiday websites.
- _____ 2 Fraudsters keep changing their bank accounts to avoid being tracked.
- _____ 3 It is suggested that people not going on the holiday might help detect website frauds.
- _____ 4 More and more British holidaymakers find the seaside villas they booked online actually nonexistent.
- _____ 5 By checking an agent’s name online before booking a villa, holidaymakers can avoid falling into traps.
- _____ 6 Fraudsters are difficult to identify, according to an online safety expert.
- _____ 7 Thanks to the collaboration of several industry partners, holidaymakers have been alerted to the latest occurrence of online villa-booking frauds.
- _____ 8 It is holidaymakers that can protect themselves from falling victim to frauds.
- _____ 9 Holidaymakers are advised not to make payments by bank transfer.
- _____ 10 Fraudsters advertise their villas at reasonable prices so as not to be suspected.
- _____ 11 According to statistics, many consumers have fallen victim to holiday villa deception and suffered losses.
- _____ 12 According to one victim, the fraudsters can appear considerate and well-trained.

Exercise 3: Look for information about Internet fraud. Share your findings with the class according to the outline below.

- The meaning of Internet fraud
- The types and examples of Internet fraud
- The ways to avoid Internet fraud

Writing and Translating

Writing

How to Write an Agree-or-disagree Essay

Exercise 1: Complete the English sentences according to the Chinese.

- 1 当今社会, 市民向有需要的人伸出援手并不罕见。
In today's society, it is not rare for citizens to _____
to those in need.
- 2 近年来, 多项调查表明考试作弊在英国中学和高校均十分常见。
Surveys conducted in recent years show that _____
is a common scene in both secondary and higher education in the U.K.
- 3 甚至有观点认为, 有些科目与专业无关, 学生可以作弊。
It is even argued that students may cheat on subjects that _____
_____.
- 4 我个人完全赞同以下观点: 助人为乐可以增加幸福感, 促进社会和谐。
Personally, I totally agree that helping others can increase our happiness as well
as _____.
- 5 我认为这种看法绝对错误, 因为作弊对个人和社会都会产生巨大的负面影响。
I think such an opinion is absolutely wrong because cheating _____
_____ on both individuals and society.
- 6 首先, 该趋势背后的动机在于普通人帮助他人的能力正不断提升。
To begin with, _____ lies in the growing ability of an
average person to help others.
- 7 此外, 发现总在考试中作弊的学生, 在生活的其他方面也爱撒谎和走捷径。
Furthermore, a student who often cheats on exams has been found cheating
regularly and _____ in other aspects of life.
- 8 最后, 帮助他人时, 我们能实现自我价值和部分生命的意义。
At last, when helping others, we can _____ and thus
part of the meaning of our lives.

9 总之,我坚信“赠人玫瑰,手有余香”,助人为乐的善举必将使世界更加美好。
To sum up, I'm convinced that “roses in her hand, flavor in mine” and the random acts of helping others _____.

10 一言以蔽之,这种不诚实不仅对作弊者本人有害,也对公共安全和社会福祉有害。
In a nutshell, such dishonesty is harmful not only to the individual who cheats, but also to _____.

Exercise 2: Fill in the blanks according to the tips given in the brackets.

Humility: A Precious Trait



Humility means 1 _____. It's argued that humility is a strength rather than a weakness. I couldn't agree more and I have sufficient reasons to believe that 2 _____.

(The statement of a phenomenon or an opinion and whether you agree or disagree with it)

To begin with, humility is an asset for self-improvement. By living a humble life, we can 3 _____ and as a result we will 4 _____. (The first evidence to support your opinion)

Furthermore, humility helps us build better relationships. One of the clearest benefits of being more humble is that 5 _____.

A study shows that 6 _____. (The second evidence to support your opinion)

At last, humility enables us to become a better learner and problem-solver. **For example**, a student, who thinks that he knows more than his peers, would probably 7 _____ because 8 _____. (The third evidence to support your opinion)

To sum up, humility is 9 _____ and **I'm convinced that** 10 _____ as a precious trait. (The conclusion and summary of your opinion)

Exercise 3: Write an essay about the following topic.

Some people believe that being selfish is human nature and acceptable. Do you agree or disagree?



Translating

Appositive

Exercise 1: Study the following sentences and identify the grammatical forms of the appositive in bold.

- 1 The police spokesman **Andrew Jones** announced that such theft was found in an affluent part of the city.

- 2 Family members of the patients were defined as their first-degree relatives: **parents, children, and siblings**.

- 3 The local residents, **rich or poor**, handed in the cash bundles scattered in the neighborhood.

- 4 We **three** were going to an interview upon the occurrence of the incident.

- 5 Scott **himself** ran into a car accident just three days before the graduation ceremony.

- 6 The researcher's advice, namely **to be humble**, has been widely accepted and adopted.

- 7 The new teacher received a task **to record students' limits or deficiencies**.

- 8 The kids were assigned a not-so-difficult task — **cleaning**.

9 The agent got a job, logging on to the website and collecting the data of customers.

10 Many people were defrauded by the candidate's commitment that he would crack down hard on holiday villa scams.

Exercise 2: Complete the following table.

同位语的定义	同位语的应用要点	能够充当同位语的常用语言形式
名词或相当于名词的成分组成两个相邻的并列结构,后者对前者作补充说明,起修饰作用,后者就是前者的同位语	常紧跟在被它说明的名词或代词之后,通常由 1 _____ 成分充当。有时伴随逗号、冒号、 2 _____ 等标点符号出现,有时伴随 i.e., namely, that is, in short, I mean, in other words等表示同等关系的词汇短语出现	名词(短语)
		形容词(短语)
		3 _____
		代词
		4 _____
		动名词(短语)
		5 _____

Exercise 3: Complete the English sentences according to the Chinese. Pay special attention to the parts in bold.

1 人民英雄黄继光、董存瑞、邱少云, 为保卫祖国和人民牺牲了年轻的生命。(名词短语充当同位语)

_____ Huang Jiguang, Dong Cunrui, and Qiu Shaoyun sacrificed their young lives to safeguard China and Chinese people.

2 纽约市, 世界上最富裕的城市之一, 拥有着美丽的城市景观和快节奏的生活。(名词短语充当同位语)

New York City, _____, has a beautiful city view and fast-paced life.

3 这位团队负责人, 自信、热情有担当, 在合作过程中表现十分完美。(形容词短语充当同位语)

The team leader, _____, gave terrific performance in the cooperation.

- 4 仅仅十分钟的演讲,他就展现出颇具魅力的特质:**风趣幽默,博学多才**。(形容词短语充当同位语)

In the speech of just ten minutes, he demonstrated very attractive personality traits: _____.

- 5 一些学生试图**在考试通过智能手机作弊**,校方对此震惊不已。(动词不定式短语充当同位语)

The school is astonished at a few students' attempts _____.

- 6 比赛的关键时刻,教练提出了**在最后一圈加速**的策略。(动词不定式短语充当同位语)

At the critical moment of the competition, the coach put forward his strategy _____.

- 7 我们必须注意反诈措施的基础所在,即**不断提高公众的防范意识**。(动名词短语充当同位语)

We must note the basis for anti-cheating measures, in other words, _____.

- 8 迈克性格谨慎,非常适合这份工作:**给总经理当秘书**。(动名词短语充当同位语)

Mike is a cautious man, so he is quite suitable for the job, _____.

- 9 这家虚假网站最终引起消费者怀疑,**为什么它的产品价格总是比其他同类网站低得多**。(同位语从句充当同位语)

The fake website finally raised the customers' suspicion _____.

- 10 尽管此次搜寻长达数月,但公安干警信念坚定,**一定能将犯罪分子一网打尽**。(同位语从句充当同位语)

Despite months of search for the criminals, it's still the police's strong belief that _____.