

Learning Focus

Please pay attention to the following important items in this unit.

- **Pronunciation:** Practice reading a poem and learn to appreciate it. Pay attention to the pronunciation, intonation and rhythm.
- Listening: Get familiar with the topic of "family".
- **Speaking:** Memorize the useful expressions for extending invitations:
 - —I wonder if you'd like to go skiing this weekend.
 - −Oh, yes. I'd love to very much.
 - —How about going bowling?
 - -Great! What time?
 - —I'd like it very much if you could come to the exhibition next week.
 - —It's very kind of you to invite me. I'll be there.
 - —Would you be able to come to my office before the exhibition?
 - —I'm sorry, but I've got an appointment that day.



Task Read the following poem aloud after the recording. Pay attention to the pronunciation, intonation and rhythm.





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Festing Your Ears

New Words		
admire	v.	佩服; 称赞
agriculture	n.	农业;农学
apartment	n.	公寓;住宅
flatly	adv.	直截了当地
funeral	n.	葬礼
industrialization	n.	工业化;产业化
manufacture	v.	制造;加工
numerous	adj.	许多的;很多的
photographer	n.	摄影师; 拍照者
photography	n.	摄影;摄影术
reject	v.	拒绝;抵制
responsibility	n.	责任;义务
retire	ν.	退休;退隐

Phrases and Expressions				
air mail	航空邮件			
be concerned with	关心;担心			
consist of	由构成;包括			
end up in	以告终;结束于			
judge a book by its cover	以书的封面判断 内容的好坏;以貌 取人			
leave for	动身去(某地)			
pass away	去世			
retirement home	养老院			
rush hour	上下班高峰时段; 交通拥挤时间			
senior citizen	老人;长者			
talk somebody's	说话太多而令某人			
head off	生厌			

Task 1 You will hear eight short conversations. After each conversation, there will be a question. After each question, there will be a pause of ten seconds. The conversations and questions will be spoken only once. When you hear a question, you should decide on the correct answer from the four choices marked A, B, C and D.

Example:

You will hear: W: Are you catching the 10:15 flight to New York?

M: No. I'll leave this evening.

Q: What are the two persons talking about?

You will read: A. New York City.

B. An evening party.

C. A plane trip.

D. The man's job.

From the conversation, we learn that the man is to take a flight to New York. Therefore,

C. A plane trip. is the correct answer. Now listen.

- 1 A. Helen isn't like her mother.
 - B. Helen is a teacher.
 - C. The man should notice the book.
 - D. The man shouldn't judge people only by their appearances.

- 2 A. Because she is ill.
 - B. Because she may go to her grandmother's funeral.
 - C. Because she misses home.
 - D. Because her parents have come to see her.
- **3** A. He had a toothache.

B. He had a fever.

C. He broke his leg.

D. He cut his fingers.

4 A. He is a bus driver.

B. He is a taxi driver.

C. He works in an office.

- D. He sells cars.
- **5** A. The man can use the computer.
 - B. The man cannot use the computer.
 - C. The man needs to buy a computer.
 - D. The man learns to use the computer.
- **6** A. He is very thin.

B. He is handsome.

C. He is very fat.

D. He is funny.

7 A. Sending things earlier.

- B. Not sending anything.
- C. Not buying her daughter anything.
- D. Sending things by air.

8 A. It is sold.

B. It needs repairing.

C. It is new.

D. It is too old.

Task 2 You will hear two conversations. After each conversation, there will be some questions. After each question, there will be a short pause. The conversations and questions will be spoken only once. When you hear a question, you should decide on the correct answer from the four choices marked A, B, C and D.

Conversation 1



1 A. A dancing party.

B. A dinner party.

C. A big party.

- D. A tea party.
- 2 A. Because they like to visit with the Greens.
 - B. Because the Greens are interesting.
 - C. Because the Greens are talkative.
 - D. Because the Greens invited them to their party.

Conversation 2



- **3** A. Playing football.
 - C. Taking pictures.
- 4 A. In the morning.
 - C. In the afternoon.
- 5 A. A photographer.
 - C. A basketball player.

- B. Going to games.
- D. Driving cars.
- B. At night.
- D. At noon.
- B. A driver.
- D. A bank clerk.

Task 3 You will hear a passage. The passage is printed in the textbook with some words or phrases missing. The passage will be spoken three times. During the second reading, you are required to fill in the five blanks with the words or phrases you hear. The third reading is for you to check your answers. Now listen.

My grandmother is 94 now. Her ability to see, hear and walk has weakened, and it becomes apparent that Grandma can no longer take care of herself, so 1) ______ were held to discuss what to do. No one wanted to live with her; that was evident. We talked about sending her to a 2) ______, but that idea was quickly rejected. Although Grandma would be with more people of her own age, she would see less of her family—and that would 3) ______. Besides, the really good homes are 4) ______, and the inexpensive ones are not so good. Mother flatly stated that Grandma would not 5) _____ in a nursing home. I admired my mother greatly for this decision.



Task 4 You will hear a passage. After the passage you will hear five questions. The passage and the questions will be spoken only once. After each question, there will be a short pause. During the pause, you should decide on the correct answer from the four choices marked A, B, C and D.

- 1 A. Because of children.
 - B. Because of the development of science and industry.
 - C. Because of the development of agriculture.
 - D. Because of the development of education.
- 2 A. Smaller families.
 - B. No families.
 - C. Larger families.
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 - C. Children are eager to leave their home.
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- **4** A. The government.
 - B. A small number of families.
 - C. Social workers.
 - D. A large number of families.
- 5 A. Families of the past and the present.
 - B. Families of the future.
 - C. Families of the past.
 - D. Families of the past, the present and the future.

Task 5 You will hear two passages. Each passage will be spoken twice. After each passage you will hear five questions. When you hear a question, you should complete the answer with what you hear from the recording. Now listen.

Passage 1



1 There are	_ people in the fam	ily
-------------	---------------------	-----

2 John is the children's _____.

3 He wants to avoid _____ with the noisy children.

4 He is a _____ student.

5 She wants to find the _____ of job as she did before her marriage.

Passage 2



1 They are people ______ years of age.

2 They tend to live in their own

3 They become more concerned with their

4 Because people are _____ than before.

5 They are gaining social influence in _____

Tchaikovsky

Opening Your Mouth

New Words		
booth	n.	展台;货摊;公用电话亭
classical	adj.	古典的; 传统的
exhibition	n.	展览; 展览会
pizza	n.	比萨饼
scarf	n.	围巾
Proper Names		
National Concert Hall		国家音乐厅
Swan Lake		《天鹅湖》(柴可夫斯基创作的
Swan Lake		芭蕾舞剧)

柴可夫斯基(俄国作曲家)

Task 1 Read and practice the short conversations.

M: I wonder if you'd like to go skiing this weekend.W: How about going bowling?W: Great! What time?

3

M: I'd like it very much if you could come to the exhibition next week.

W: It's very kind of you to invite me. I'll be there.

4

2

M: Would you be able to come to my office before the exhibition?

W: I'm sorry, but I've got an appointment that day.

Task 2 Read the following two conversations after the recording and pay attention to the expressions for extending invitations that you have just learned.

Conversation 1

M: Hi, Helen.

W: Hi, Tony. How are you doing?

M: Not bad. Say, Helen, are you doing anything tonight? Would you like to go out?

W: Sorry, I can't. I have to finish a project report.

M: Well, how about Sunday night? Are you doing anything then?

W: No, I'm not. What are you planning to do?

M: How about going to see a movie? I know there is a new movie that's showing.

W: Oh, that's a good idea.

M: Great! What about having a pizza first?

W: Sure, why not? Where would you like to meet?

M: Shall I pick you up at your house?

W: OK. What time?

M: Is 7:00 OK?

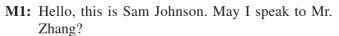
W: Fine. Well, see you then.

M: Bye.



Picture 1

Conversation 2



M2: Speaking. How are you, Mr. Johnson?

M1: Fine, thank you. And you?

M2: I'm fine, thanks.

M1: I'm calling to tell you that there is an exhibition here next month. Would you like to come?

M2: Thank you for telling me. When, exactly?

M1: From the 21st to the 25th.

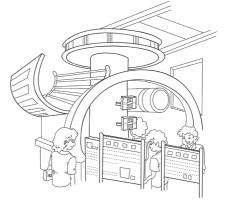
M2: Will you be attending?

M1: Of course. And we would be pleased if you could come to visit our company's booth.

M2: That sounds nice. Thank you very much.

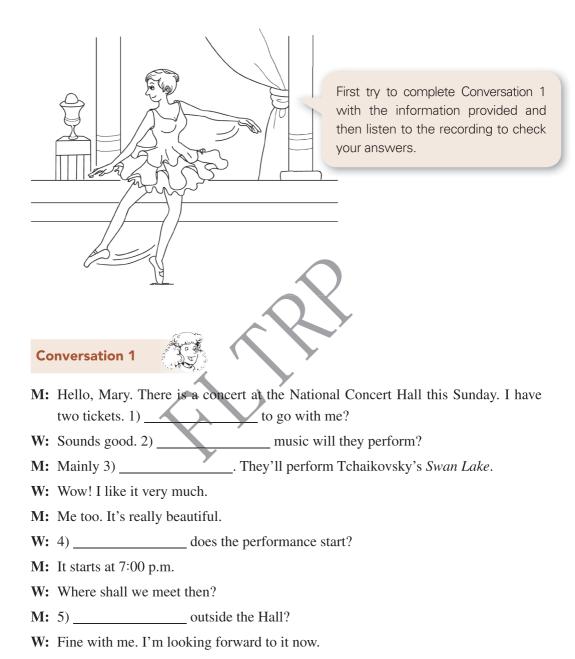
M1: My pleasure. I'll send you an invitation letter soon and I look forward to your visit.

M2: I'll be there.



Picture 2

Task 3 Act out the following conversations and create your own conversations based on the given situations.



Conversation 2

1 Act out Conversation 2 with your partner based on the following clues.

Partner A Partner B 1) Answer the phone. 1) Say you want to speak to A. 2) Say "Speaking". 2) Invite A to see a play on Saturday afternoon. 3) Say Saturday afternoon is not OK because you have 3) Ask if A's mother can go alone. promised to go shopping with your mother. 4) Ask if A can make it another 4) Say your mother wants you time. to help her buy a scarf. 5) Ask if next Saturday is OK. 5) Say yes. 6) Say yes. Tell A you'll pick him/her up at about 5:00. 7) Answer B and say goodbye. Say goodbye.

2 Now make more conversations based on the situations given below.

Situation 1

A wants to invite B to go to the volleyball game tonight. However, B has to look after his/her sister's baby because his/her parents are not at home.

Situation 3

B would like to know whether A, manager of a company, is able to go to Guangzhou next week. A would love to, but he/she will be away on business those days. A promises to go at a later time.

Situation 2

A is calling to invite B to go out to have dinner tomorrow evening. B says sorry to A because B has to stay at home and study. But Friday evening is OK with B.

Situation 4

B invites A to attend the international fair in Kunming next month. A is really glad to attend it. A asks when it is exactly. A also wants to make sure that someone will be able to pick him/her up at the airport when he/she arrives in Kunming.

Language Tips

The following are for your reference.

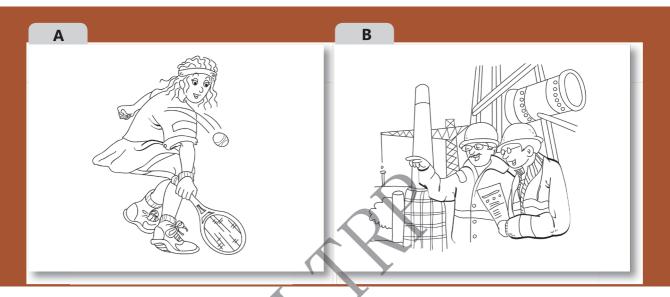
- invitation letter; invitation card; an invitation to dinner; accept an invitation; refuse an invitation; decline an invitation
- Would you like to have dinner/ watch a game/watch a movie with me tonight?
- May I take the opportunity to invite you to...?

- Can you come over and join us?
- Shall we have the honor of your presence at the party?
- I was wondering if you could come to dinner with me tonight.
- I'd like to, but I'm afraid I can't.
- How about next Friday?
- Thank you for inviting me.



Talking Together

Task 1 Work in pairs to practice the expressions for extending invitations based on the following pictures.



Task 2 Take turns inviting your classmates to do something. You can either accept or politely decline the invitations.

Language Tips

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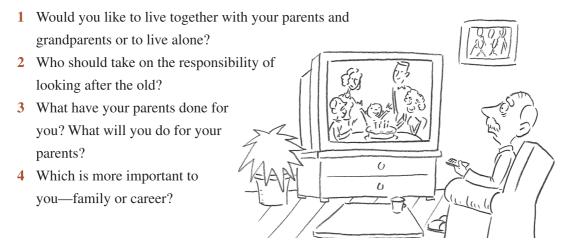
- have dinner together; play tennis; go to concert; go camping
- Are you free this Saturday?
- Would you like to…?
- I'm afraid I can't. I have to...
- It's a pity that you can't make it.
- What time will be convenient for you?
- I will be free after the examination.
- You must join us for dinner.
- Thank you for your invitation.

Task 3 Look at the table. You are going to hear three conversations. Circle the number of each conversation next to the picture according to the sequence in which you hear them. Then listen again and complete the table below. Finally, practice the conversations with your partner.

dolphin n. 海豚

Picture	Conversation	Things to do	Accept or decline	Time to meet	Place to meet
A	1 2 3	1)	Decline		
B	1 2 3	2)	3)	At 10:00	4)
C	1 2 3	To see a dolphin show	Accept	5)	Outside the zoo gate

Task 4 Look at the picture. Describe and comment on it. Then discuss the following questions with your classmates.



Facing Culture

Listen to the passage about Thanksgiving in the United States, and then discuss the following questions with your partner.





Thanksgiving is a holiday in the United States that is always celebrated on the fourth Thursday in November. It is a time when family members come from near and far to be together for a big dinner and to give thanks for all the good things in their lives.

The first Thanksgiving celebration in the United States was held in Virginia in December, 1619. It was a religious day of giving thanks to God and did not involve any food. Two years later, the first Thanksgiving in the New England colonies (殖民地) was celebrated a few months after the Rilgrims arrived in Plymouth, Massachusetts. Many of the Pilgrims had died during the long, cold Massachusetts winter, but summer had brought new hope and a spirit of optimism (乐观) to the colonists. They decided to have a festival in the fall to thank God for their corn harvest. The festival lasted three days and included foods such as turkey and pumpkin that people still eat today on Thanksgiving Day.

Although Thanksgiving has always been celebrated in the fall after the harvest, it was not always celebrated on the same date. In 1789, President George Washington named November 26 as the day of national Thanksgiving. In 1863, President Abraham Lincoln changed the date of Thanksgiving to the last Thursday in November. In 1939, President Franklin D. Roosevelt moved the date one week earlier. The time between Thanksgiving and Christmas was the biggest shopping period of the year, and he wanted to help businesses by giving people another week for shopping. In 1941, Congress made the fourth Thursday in November the legal date of Thanksgiving.

Questions

- 1 How was the first Thanksgiving celebrated?
- 2 How do American people celebrate Thanksgiving now?

Festing Your Ears

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funeral	n.	葬礼
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photography	n.	摄影;摄影术
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responsibility	n.	责任;义务
retire	v.	退休;退隐

Phrases and Expressions				
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be concerned with	关心;担心			
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Example:

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M: No. I'll leave this evening.

Q: What are the two persons talking about?

You will read: A. New York City.

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From the conversation, we learn that the man is to take a flight to New York. Therefore,

C. A plane trip. is the correct answer. Now listen.

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Conversation 2



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Passage 1



1 There are	people in th	ie family
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- 2 John is the children's _____.
- 3 He wants to avoid _____ with the noisy children.
- 4 He is a _____ student.
- 5 She wants to find the _____ of job as she did before her marriage.

Passage 2



- 1 They are people ______ years of age.
- 2 They tend to live in their own _____
- 3 They become more concerned with their _____
- 4 Because people are _____ than before.
- 5 They are gaining social influence in _____

Opening Your Mouth

New Words		
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Swan Lake		《天鹅湖》(柴可夫斯基创作的
Swan Lake		芭蕾舞剧)
Tchaikovsky		柴可夫斯基(俄国作曲家)

Task 1 Read and practice the short conversations.

1

M: I wonder if you'd like to go skiing this weekend.

W: Oh, yes. I'd love to very much.

3

M: I'd like it very much if you could come to the exhibition next week.

W: It's very kind of you to invite me. I'll be there.

2

M: How about going bowling?

W: Great! What time?

4

M: Would you be able to come to my office before the exhibition?

W: I'm sorry, but I've got an appointment that day.

Task 2 Read the following two conversations after the recording and pay attention to the expressions for extending invitations that you have just learned.

Conversation 1

M: Hi, Helen.

W: Hi, Tony. How are you doing?

M: Not bad. Say, Helen, are you doing anything tonight? Would you like to go out?

W: Sorry, I can't. I have to finish a project report.

M: Well, how about Sunday night? Are you doing anything then?

W: No, I'm not. What are you planning to do?

M: How about going to see a movie? I know there is a new movie that's showing.

W: Oh, that's a good idea.

M: Great! What about having a pizza first?

W: Sure, why not? Where would you like to meet?

M: Shall I pick you up at your house?

W: OK. What time?

M: Is 7:00 OK?

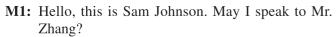
W: Fine. Well, see you then.

M: Bye.



Picture 1

Conversation 2



M2: Speaking. How are you, Mr. Johnson?

M1: Fine, thank you. And you?

M2: I'm fine, thanks.

M1: I'm calling to tell you that there is an exhibition here next month. Would you like to come?

M2: Thank you for telling me. When, exactly?

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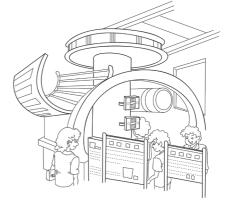
M2: Will you be attending?

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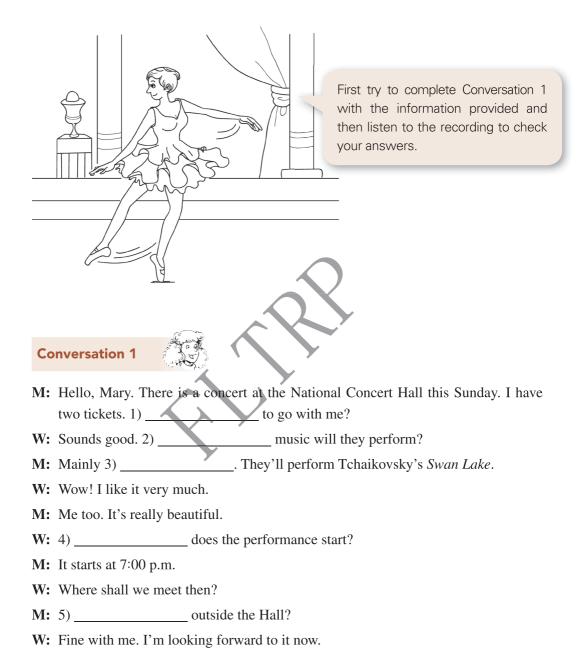
M1: My pleasure. I'll send you an invitation letter soon and I look forward to your visit.

M2: I'll be there.



Picture 2

Task 3 Act out the following conversations and create your own conversations based on the given situations.



Conversation 2

1 Act out Conversation 2 with your partner based on the following clues.

Partner A Partner B 1) Answer the phone. 1) Say you want to speak to A. 2) Say "Speaking". 2) Invite A to see a play on Saturday afternoon. 3) Say Saturday afternoon is not OK because you have 3) Ask if A's mother can go alone. promised to go shopping with your mother. 4) Ask if A can make it another 4) Say your mother wants you time. to help her buy a scarf. 5) Ask if next Saturday is OK. 5) Say yes. 6) Say yes. Tell A you'll pick him/her up at about 5:00. 7) Answer B and say goodbye. Say goodbye.

2 Now make more conversations based on the situations given below.

Situation 1

A wants to invite B to go to the volleyball game tonight. However, B has to look after his/her sister's baby because his/her parents are not at home.

Situation 3

B would like to know whether A, manager of a company, is able to go to Guangzhou next week. A would love to, but he/she will be away on business those days. A promises to go at a later time.

Situation 2

A is calling to invite B to go out to have dinner tomorrow evening. B says sorry to A because B has to stay at home and study. But Friday evening is OK with B.

Situation 4

B invites A to attend the international fair in Kunming next month. A is really glad to attend it. A asks when it is exactly. A also wants to make sure that someone will be able to pick him/her up at the airport when he/she arrives in Kunming.

Language Tips

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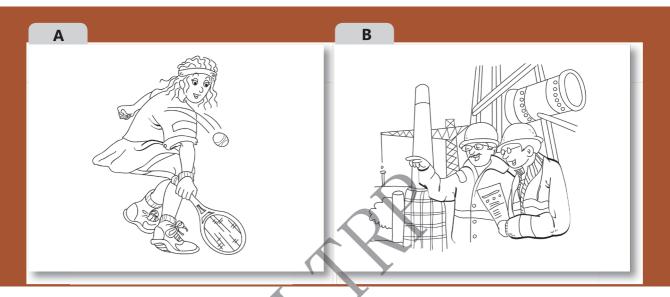
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- Would you like to have dinner/ watch a game/watch a movie with me tonight?
- May I take the opportunity to invite you to...?

- Can you come over and join us?
- Shall we have the honor of your presence at the party?
- I was wondering if you could come to dinner with me tonight.
- I'd like to, but I'm afraid I can't.
- How about next Friday?
- Thank you for inviting me.



Talking Together

Task 1 Work in pairs to practice the expressions for extending invitations based on the following pictures.



Task 2 Take turns inviting your classmates to do something. You can either accept or politely decline the invitations.

Language Tips

The following are for your reference.

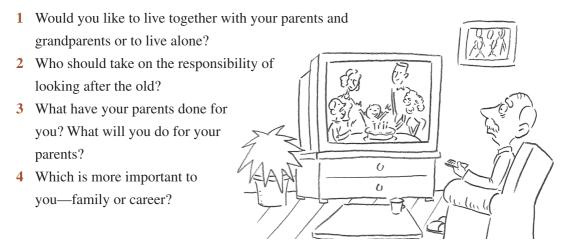
- have dinner together; play tennis; go to concert; go camping
- Are you free this Saturday?
- Would you like to…?
- I'm afraid I can't. I have to...
- It's a pity that you can't make it.
- What time will be convenient for you?
- I will be free after the examination.
- You must join us for dinner.
- Thank you for your invitation.

Task 3 Look at the table. You are going to hear three conversations. Circle the number of each conversation next to the picture according to the sequence in which you hear them. Then listen again and complete the table below. Finally, practice the conversations with your partner.

dolphin n. 海豚

Picture	Conversation	Things to do	Accept or decline	Time to meet	Place to meet
A	1 2 3	1)	Decline		
B	1 2 3	2)	3)	At 10:00	4)
C	1 2 3	To see a dolphin show	Accept	5)	Outside the zoo gate

Task 4 Look at the picture. Describe and comment on it. Then discuss the following questions with your classmates.



Facing Culture

Listen to the passage about Thanksgiving in the United States, and then discuss the following questions with your partner.





Thanksgiving is a holiday in the United States that is always celebrated on the fourth Thursday in November. It is a time when family members come from near and far to be together for a big dinner and to give thanks for all the good things in their lives.

The first Thanksgiving celebration in the United States was held in Virginia in December, 1619. It was a religious day of giving thanks to God and did not involve any food. Two years later, the first Thanksgiving in the New England colonies (殖民地) was celebrated a few months after the Rilgrims arrived in Plymouth, Massachusetts. Many of the Pilgrims had died during the long, cold Massachusetts winter, but summer had brought new hope and a spirit of optimism (乐观) to the colonists. They decided to have a festival in the fall to thank God for their corn harvest. The festival lasted three days and included foods such as turkey and pumpkin that people still eat today on Thanksgiving Day.

Although Thanksgiving has always been celebrated in the fall after the harvest, it was not always celebrated on the same date. In 1789, President George Washington named November 26 as the day of national Thanksgiving. In 1863, President Abraham Lincoln changed the date of Thanksgiving to the last Thursday in November. In 1939, President Franklin D. Roosevelt moved the date one week earlier. The time between Thanksgiving and Christmas was the biggest shopping period of the year, and he wanted to help businesses by giving people another week for shopping. In 1941, Congress made the fourth Thursday in November the legal date of Thanksgiving.

Questions

- 1 How was the first Thanksgiving celebrated?
- 2 How do American people celebrate Thanksgiving now?