

# 1

# First Day on Campus

## Part I Listening Comprehension

**Task 1** Listen to 5 short conversations and choose the best answer to each question.

- 1 A. His dorm.  
C. The library.
- 2 A. Tough.  
C. Humorous.
- 3 A. At 2:02.  
C. At 2:10.
- 4 A. He doesn't understand it.  
C. He doesn't like it.
- 5 A. To study overseas.  
C. To open up her own company.
- B. The dining hall.  
D. The gymnasium.
- B. Boring.  
D. Lively.
- B. At 1:58.  
D. At 1:50.
- B. He thinks it funny.  
D. He doesn't find it useful.
- B. To study in a company.  
D. To go abroad for a good job.

**Task 2** Listen to 2 long conversations and choose the best answer to each question.

- 6 A. Upset.  
C. Sad.
- 7 A. He should find an advisor.  
C. He should ask for directions.
- 8 A. Because he wants to go to hospital.  
B. Because he doesn't know whether to major in biology or in chemistry.  
C. Because he wants to join the Student Union.  
D. Because he wants to take more credits.
- 9 A. The football stadium.  
C. The administration building.
- 10 A. At 3:30 p.m.  
C. At 5:00 p.m.
- B. Frightened.  
D. Pleasant.
- B. He should go to the school clinic.  
D. He should go to the Student Union.
- B. The student recreation center.  
D. The dining hall.
- B. At 4:30 p.m.  
D. At 5:30 p.m.

**Task 3** Listen to a passage and complete the answer to each question.

- 11 Who is invited to deliver a lecture at the reception?  
Professor Anthony Macdonald from \_\_\_\_\_.
- 12 What session will follow Professor Macdonald's lecture?  
\_\_\_\_\_ session.
- 13 What has been prepared outside after Professor's lecture?  
\_\_\_\_\_.
- 14 When will Professor Macdonald finish his lecture?  
At \_\_\_\_\_ a.m.
- 15 Why does Professor Macdonald have to leave by 12:30?  
Because he is going to \_\_\_\_\_ to Beijing to visit Tsinghua University that afternoon.

## Part II Structure

**Task 1** Choose the best item to complete each of the following sentences.

- 1 My elder brother is \_\_\_\_\_ to me by two years.  
A. junior                      B. senior                      C. major                      D. minor
- 2 Pollution has a negative effect on the health of everyone, \_\_\_\_\_ the damage to the environment.  
A. not to mention              B. not to speak              C. not to ask                      D. not to tell
- 3 It doesn't occur \_\_\_\_\_ me that she will be my maid of honor.  
A. at                              B. in                              C. to                              D. about
- 4 \_\_\_\_\_ you can't get along well with your mother-in-law?  
A. As if                              B. Even if                              C. If only                              D. What if
- 5 Local schools are \_\_\_\_\_ to reduce the dropout rate.  
A. seek                              B. seeking                              C. sought                              D. to be sought
- 6 This semester Professor Smith \_\_\_\_\_ his attention on the reform of teaching style.  
A. requests                              B. views                              C. focuses                              D. gathers
- 7 Her own future has been \_\_\_\_\_ by her wealthy parents.  
A. looked out                              B. mapped out                              C. tried out                              D. watched out

- 8 Thanks to the efforts the club members made, the decoration of the dorms has been completed ahead of \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. calendar                      B. assignment                      C. plan                      D. schedule
- 9 Stephen is an outgoing and friendly graduate who \_\_\_\_\_ well with the freshmen.
- A. gets along                      B. gets down                      C. gets away                      D. gets alone
- 10 If you had made the decision to \_\_\_\_\_ and strive for a better life, you'd better not skip any class.
- A. work out                      B. sleep in                      C. turn over a new leaf                      D. sign up

**Task 2** Fill in each blank with the proper form of the word given in brackets.

- 11 The advisor was (anxiety) \_\_\_\_\_ about the sub-healthy state of his students and urged them to do more exercise.
- 12 Well (begin) \_\_\_\_\_ is half done.
- 13 These young people are (respect) \_\_\_\_\_ to the great playwright.
- 14 It may take you some time to grasp the (communicate) \_\_\_\_\_ skill.
- 15 We found the sofas of the coffee house (comfort) \_\_\_\_\_ and fashionable.
- 16 Cindy needs to take part in more (society) \_\_\_\_\_ activities.
- 17 You should support your (argue) \_\_\_\_\_ with sufficient evidence.
- 18 Beijing is China's (politics) \_\_\_\_\_ and cultural center.
- 19 No matter how wonderful the movie is, some people are still (critics) \_\_\_\_\_ of it.
- 20 His shabby appearance (creation) \_\_\_\_\_ a bad impression on the guests.

## Part III Reading Comprehension

**Task 1** Read the passage and choose the best answer to each question.

What is the better way of staying away from the cold winter days? Come out to our Hall Markets in the beautiful countryside, full of color, fun, music and delicious food! With over 350 stalls (摊位) selling wonderful home-made and home-grown goods, this will surely be a great day out.

The Hall Markets are held on the first Sunday of each month from 10 a.m. to 3 p.m. at Hall Village. They are operated by Hartley Lifecare Co. Ltd. All the income will go to help and support service for people with disabilities (残疾).

Volunteers (志愿者) play an important part in the success and pleasant atmosphere at the

Hall Markets. Hartley Lifecare is always grateful to have you serve as volunteers with the Hall Markets.

If you are interested in being one of our volunteers and spending a few hours with us each month, please contact us during business hours on 62605555.

- 1 According to the passage, the Hall Markets are held \_\_\_\_\_.
  - A. in the countryside
  - B. to attract volunteers
  - C. to promote winter sales
  - D. by people with disabilities
- 2 There are over 350 stalls in the Hall Markets that \_\_\_\_\_.
  - A. are operated by the disabled
  - B. offer free food to volunteers
  - C. sell home-made goods
  - D. are open day and night
- 3 The income made by the Hall Markets goes to \_\_\_\_\_.
  - A. expand Hartley Lifecare Co. Ltd.
  - B. support service for the disabled
  - C. create more fun for customers
  - D. develop local economy
- 4 When are the Hall Markets open?
  - A. The first Sunday of each month.
  - B. Every day from 10 a.m. to 3 p.m.
  - C. The first day of each month.
  - D. Every weekend in winter.
- 5 This passage is written for the purpose of inviting \_\_\_\_\_.
 

A. tourists	B. villagers
C. businessmen	D. volunteers

**Task 2** Read the information below and complete the following statements.

**Admissions Information About Johns Hopkins University**

**Graduate Application Fee:** \$75.00

**Undergraduate Application Fee:** \$70.00

**Admissions Requirements:**

High School GPA (grade point average)

High School Rank

Test Scores

Recommendations

**Accepted Credit:**

Advanced

**Test Scores:**

	25th Percentile	75th Percentile
SAT Critical Reading	730	630
SAT Math	770	660
SAT Writing	740	640
ACT English	34	29
ACT Math	34	29
ACT Writing	-	-

**Campus Information About Johns Hopkins University**

**Total Enrollment:** 21,092

**Campus Setting:** Urban

**Highest Degree Offered:** PhD

**School Calendar Type:** Semester

**Total Full-time Undergrad Enrollment:** 5,835

**Total Part-time Undergrad Enrollment:** 100

**Total Full-time Grad Enrollment:** 7,143

**Total Part-time Grad Enrollment:** 8,014

**Special Learning Opportunities:** Distance learning, study abroad, Weekend & Evening Classes.

**Student Services:** Career counseling and student employment are offered.

- 6 Admissions requirements include High School GPA, High School Rank, Test Scores and \_\_\_\_\_.
- 7 The accepted credit is \_\_\_\_\_.
- 8 The highest degree offered is \_\_\_\_\_.
- 9 The total undergrad enrollment is \_\_\_\_\_.
- 10 Career counseling and \_\_\_\_\_ are offered to students.

**Task 3** Read the passage and complete the following statements.

As a freshman you will find there is a “top” crowd that sets the pace, while the others follow their lead in your school. For example, the top crowd decides that it is smart to wear bright red sweaters, and pretty soon everybody is wearing a bright red sweater.

There is nothing wrong with that, except the fact that on some people bright red sweater is extremely unbecoming. The situation can even become dangerous. If the top crowd decides that it is smart to drink and drive cars at 70 miles an hour, then the people who follow the lead are endangering their lives. They are like the sheep being led to the butcher’s.

Now, chances are that you have come across situations like these more than once in your life; chances are that one time or another you probably did something you knew to be wrong. You may have excused yourself by saying, "Gee, the crowd do it." Well, let the crowd do it, but don't do it yourself. Learn to say "No."

Develop your own standards and your own judgment. If you know the crowd is planning something with which you disagree, have the courage to bow out mannerly. You'll have the satisfaction of standing on your own feet.

- 11 "Top" crowd usually sets \_\_\_\_\_ while others follow their lead.
- 12 The underlined word "unbecoming" means \_\_\_\_\_.
- 13 According to the passage, people who follow the crowd sometimes do things \_\_\_\_\_.
- 14 "Bow out" in the last paragraph means \_\_\_\_\_.
- 15 The title for this passage can be \_\_\_\_\_.

#### **Task 4** Read the passage and answer the following questions.

At Johns Hopkins, undergraduate students interested in economics engage in an active and comprehensive exploration of economic theory and practice. Under the guidance of excellent faculty members, students examine economic policy, consider future financial trends, and are positioned to be leaders in the field.

Students can major in economics, or they can concentrate on a related specialty such as business, law, government, history, health care management, or environmental engineering. Students in other disciplines (学科) can take courses that investigate basic economic principles. The department offers two minors: one in economics, and the other in financial economics in conjunction with (合作) the Center for Financial Economics.

Undergraduate students in economics gain critical thinking skills, enabling them to understand and analyze important trends in the field and pursue their own research. Many graduates go on to law school, medical school, or graduate school in economics, while others enter the workforce, usually in the fields of banking or finance, and still others are employed in the public sector.

- 16 At Johns Hopkins, what kind of exploration can undergraduate students engage in?  
They can take part in \_\_\_\_\_ exploration of economic theory and practice.
- 17 How can undergraduate students examine economic policy, consider future financial trends, and be positioned to be leaders in the field?  
Under the guidance of \_\_\_\_\_.

- 18 Apart from majoring in economics, what specialties can students concentrate on?  
They can concentrate on related specialties such as business, law, government, history, health care management, or \_\_\_\_\_.
- 19 What are the two minors offered by the department?  
One is economics and the other is \_\_\_\_\_.
- 20 If the graduates want to go on studying, what school choices do they have?  
Law school, \_\_\_\_\_, or graduate school in economics.

## Part IV Translation

**Task** This part is to test your ability to translate English into Chinese. For sentences numbered 1 to 4, you should choose the best translation; for the paragraph numbered 5, write your translation.

- 1 But before you start celebrating, prepare yourself for the problems that might show up in your campus life.
- A. 但当你开始庆祝时, 要准备你自己的问题, 它们可能会出现在你的校园生活中。  
B. 但当你开始庆祝时, 要作好准备, 问题可能会出现在你的校园生活中。  
C. 但在你开始庆祝前, 你要为可能会在你的校园生活中出现的问题作好准备。  
D. 但在你开始庆祝前, 你可能要为你的校园生活的问题作好准备。
- 2 If problems start to appear, try to address them quickly.
- A. 如果问题开始出现, 尽量快速地明确它们。  
B. 如果问题开始出现, 尽量快速地解决它们。  
C. 如果问题开始出现, 试图快速地忘掉它们。  
D. 如果问题开始出现, 试图快速地分析它们。
- 3 Once your studies are mapped out, it's easy to find the times when you have to work hard, or the times when you can have a little more freedom.
- A. 一旦你的研究被映射出来、很容易找到的时候, 你就要努力工作, 或者有时候你可以有更多的自由。  
B. 一旦你制定好学习计划, 就很容易弄清楚你何时必须用功学习, 何时可以有更多的空闲。  
C. 一旦你的学习计划被制定出来, 很容易找到你要努力工作的时代, 或你可以有更多自由的时代。  
D. 一旦你的研究计划被制定出来, 找到时间努力工作很容易, 而且你能有更多的自由的时候。
- 4 You will most likely have the opportunity to party, sleep in, skip classes, and stay out late.
- A. 你将最有可能有机会参加派对、睡眠、逃课, 并留到很晚。  
B. 你可能有机会参加聚会、睡眠、逃课和在外玩到很晚。  
C. 你很可能有机会聚会、睡在里面、逃课和晚归。  
D. 你很可能有机会参加聚会、睡懒觉、逃课和在外面玩到很晚。

- 5 I wish to change my dorm next semester. The reason is that I'm dissatisfied with my roommate. He is a person who doesn't think much of others. He has a lot of friends who constantly visit him. They regularly hold noisy parties in the dorm. In addition, he often uses my things without permission. Under such circumstances, I find it difficult for me to tolerate him again and get along well with him.

## Part V Writing

**Task** Write an announcement with the information given below.

- 1 事由：法国学生来我校参观
- 2 时间：2013年6月22日
- 3 人数：20人
- 4 具体安排：

时间	地点	事项
9:10	校门口	集合、迎接客人
9:30-10:30	接待室	开欢迎会、馈赠礼物
10:30-12:00	校园（重点是图书馆、教学楼和实验室）	参观校园
12:30	学生食堂	共进午餐
14:00	校门口	欢送客人

**Expressions for reference:**

接待室	reception room
欢迎会	welcome party
食堂	student canteen

## Part VI Speaking

**Task 1** Discuss in pairs or groups about your feelings when you first entered the campus.

**Task 2** Work in pairs. Introduce yourself to your partner.

# 2

## Study at College

### Part I Listening Comprehension

**Task 1** Listen to 5 short conversations and choose the best answer to each question.

- 1 A. She will do some study.  
C. She will travel.
- 2 A. Join the football team.  
C. Play football.
- 3 A. She will visit her parents.  
C. She will go traveling.
- 4 A. He should take a taxi.  
C. He should do the exam carefully.
- 5 A. Because she has a lot of free time.  
C. Because she likes it.
- B. She will take a job.  
D. She will stay at home to save money.
- B. Take some new courses.  
D. Quit some courses.
- B. She will visit a friend.  
D. She will go to a party with a friend.
- B. He should ask his father for help.  
D. He should have got up earlier.
- B. Because running doesn't take a lot of time.  
D. Because she wants to lose weight.

**Task 2** Listen to 2 long conversations and choose the best answer to each question.

- 6 A. As easy as the last one.  
C. Much easier than the last one.
- 7 A. She was not careful enough.  
C. She was stupid.
- 8 A. Watch a football game.  
C. Play a football game.
- 9 A. She went abroad.  
C. She stayed at home.
- 10 A. Boring.  
C. Superb.
- B. More time-consuming than the last one.  
D. More difficult than ever before.
- B. Neither good nor bad.  
D. She did well.
- B. Have a party.  
D. Chat about the football game.
- B. She went to a beach.  
D. She worked in a summer school.
- B. Interesting.  
D. Unique.

**Task 3** Listen to a passage and complete the answer to each question.

- 11 Are all American universities the same size?  
No, they are not the same size. Some have \_\_\_\_\_ or more students.
- 12 How many students do some small American universities have?  
They only have \_\_\_\_\_ students.
- 13 Why do American students in large universities study in different buildings?  
Because large universities have many buildings: a different building for \_\_\_\_\_.
- 14 How long do American students usually have between classes to go from one building to another?  
\_\_\_\_\_.
- 15 When students begin the university, what courses must they take?  
English, math, history and \_\_\_\_\_ course are usually required courses.

## Part II Structure

**Task 1** Choose the best item to complete each of the following sentences.

- 1 The garden looks lovely when the roses are \_\_\_\_\_ bloom.  
A. at                      B. off                      C. on                      D. in
- 2 Store under shade environment and keep it \_\_\_\_\_ children.  
A. away of                      B. out of reach of                      C. within the reach of                      D. aside from
- 3 The Auschwitz concentration camp always reminds the world \_\_\_\_\_ the holocaust.  
A. of                      B. at                      C. with                      D. about
- 4 We always consider safety, health, and environmental protection \_\_\_\_\_ our top priority.  
A. with                      B. in                      C. as                      D. above
- 5 \_\_\_\_\_ how busy he is, he is ready to help others.  
A. No wonder                      B. Considering                      C. No matter                      D. As though
- 6 I have to \_\_\_\_\_ on my work, so I can't come out.  
A. catch up                      B. run up                      C. speed up                      D. make up
- 7 The football player hopes to \_\_\_\_\_ to another team soon.  
A. move                      B. change                      C. join                      D. transfer
- 8 If you want to attract more customers, you can try \_\_\_\_\_ in the local paper.  
A. to advertise                      B. to be advertised                      C. advertising                      D. being advertised

- 9 Today we're going to \_\_\_\_\_ the question of homeless people.  
A. focus at                      B. focus on                      C. focus in                      D. focus around
- 10 They \_\_\_\_\_ their mother's Christmas gift.  
A. look forward                      B. look to                      C. long to                      D. long for

**Task 2** Fill in each blank with the proper form of the word given in brackets.

- 11 Such one-sided (adjust) \_\_\_\_\_ will surely fail.
- 12 This special (reunite) \_\_\_\_\_ is their first time being together in almost 15 years.
- 13 Attendance at the lecture is (option) \_\_\_\_\_.
- 14 I knew that concentration was the first (require) \_\_\_\_\_ for learning.
- 15 People with a learning (ability) \_\_\_\_\_ may have trouble following directions.
- 16 The company must reduce costs to compete (effect) \_\_\_\_\_.
- 17 We aim to help disabled students to live and study (depend) \_\_\_\_\_.
- 18 We were (stick) \_\_\_\_\_ in a traffic jam.
- 19 I need time to (familiar) \_\_\_\_\_ myself with the details before making a decision.
- 20 A year after my (graduate) \_\_\_\_\_, my parents moved to a house in a nearby town.

## Part III Reading Comprehension

**Task 1** Read the passage and choose the best answer.

Always take the notes for a particular class in the same notebook. Spiral bound notebooks were invented because they solved the problem of keeping related information consolidated in one place. Take advantage of this.

Date each entry into your notebook.

It is usually best to keep the notes for different classes separate from each other. Spiral notebooks with built-in dividers are excellent for this purpose.

Your notes should contain as complete a record of what the instructor said as possible. Of course, you should not try to write every word spoken, but don't leave out ideas. When you study, your notes should call back to your mind the entire sequence of ideas presented. Take care to spell all new words carefully. If you don't know how to spell a word, ask your instructor to write it on the board. Most will automatically do so for new or difficult terms.

Anything the instructor writes on the board should appear in your notes. If the instructor took the time to write it out, he or she considers it important. You should do the same.

If possible, try to take your notes in some kind of outline form. The organization of ideas is as important as the content of those ideas, especially when it comes to learning the material for an exam.

You might find it useful to have a second color of pen or pencil available for highlighting important ideas or indicating vocabulary.

- 1 What shouldn't you do in taking notes?
  - A. Keep related information in different places.
  - B. Keep the notes for different classes separately.
  - C. Take notes carefully.
  - D. Put date on each entry.
  
- 2 If you don't know the spelling of a new word, what should you do in class?
  - A. Look it up in a dictionary.
  - B. Ask the teacher to write it on the board.
  - C. Put a question mark there.
  - D. Consult your classmates.
  
- 3 What should you do about the words the teacher writes on the board?
  - A. Read carefully.
  - B. Pick some out and put them in the notebook.
  - C. Keep record of all of these words.
  - D. Follow the instructions instead of writing them down.
  
- 4 According to the author, what should you do about the notes?
  - A. Keep them just as how they appear on the book.
  - B. Keep them in outline form.
  - C. Reorganize them after class.
  - D. Compare the notes with your classmates'.
  
- 5 Which of the following could be the best title for this article?
  - A. Importance of Taking Notes.
  - B. How to Take Notes.
  - C. Advantages of Taking Notes.
  - D. Problems of Taking Notes.

**Task 2** Read the passage and complete the following statements.

Try to meet with the professors one by one early the semester (before you start having problems in the class).

Say "hi" if you see the professors walking around campus. Most students avoid the professors or pretend they don't know them on campus.

Do the required assignments. Make sure you don't show up in class without doing the required reading or the paper that is due.

Turn in work on time. Some professors are really serious about assignments being turned in on time, and may not accept the work if it is late.

Don't be late to class. Some professors really get annoyed if you show up after the class has started. Make sure you are always a little early to avoid this.

Do not miss any classes; otherwise the professors will think that you don't care.

Contact the professors ahead of time if you have to ask for leave and give a good excuse. Usually "I had a family emergency" works well.

Don't fall asleep in class for this really annoys the professors. Bring a soda or coffee to class if this is a problem for you.

Ask or answer questions every now and then. This shows you are paying attention (you are probably the only one) and it helps the professors get to know you. Don't worry about being called a dork or nerd in class. You just need good grades and this is the way to do it.

Sit in the front of the class. Professors get to know the students in the front of the class because they are closer and seem more interested to be there. This will also help you concentrate and you actually might learn something.

- 6 When you meet the professors around campus, you should \_\_\_\_\_.
- 7 Before you go to class you should check to see whether \_\_\_\_\_.
- 8 Professors may get annoyed if you \_\_\_\_\_ in class.
- 9 Try not to \_\_\_\_\_ any classes in case professors may think you don't care.
- 10 You are suggested to sit \_\_\_\_\_ to become more concentrated.

### **Task 3** Read the passage and complete the following statements.

You can prepare yourself to succeed in your studies. Try to develop and appreciate the following habits:

#### **Take responsibility for yourself.**

Recognize that in order to succeed you need to make decisions about your priorities, your time, and your resources.

#### **Center yourself around your values and principles.**

Don't let friends and acquaintances dictate what you consider important.

#### **Put first things first.**

Concentrate on the priorities you have set for yourself, and don't let other interests distract you from your goals.

#### **Discover your key productivity periods and places.**

Morning, afternoon, or evening? Find spaces where you can be the most focused and productive. Prioritize these for your most difficult study challenges.

**Consider yourself in a win-win situation.**

When you contribute your best to a class, you, your fellow students, and even your teacher will benefit. Your grade can then be one additional check on your performance.

**First understand others, and then attempt to be understood.**

When you have an issue with an instructor (a questionable grade, an assignment deadline, etc.), put yourself in the instructor's place. Then ask yourself how you can best make your argument.

**Look for better solutions to problems.**

For example, if you don't understand the course material, don't just re-read it. Try something else! Consult with a tutor, an academic advisor, a classmate, a study group, or your school's study skills center.

- 11 If you want to succeed, you should make decisions about your priorities, your time, and \_\_\_\_\_.
- 12 You should center yourself around your values and principles, and don't let friends and acquaintances dictate \_\_\_\_\_.
- 13 You should concentrate on the priorities you have set for yourself, and don't let \_\_\_\_\_ distract you from your goals.
- 14 When you disagree with the instructor you should \_\_\_\_\_.
- 15 When you don't understand the course material, you can consult with \_\_\_\_\_ or your school's study skills center.

**Task 4** Read the passage and answer the following questions.

The Yanton Playingfield Committee has for many years been fortunate to have Eddie Christiansen as grounds-person at its sports ground in Littelemarsh. However, after 10 years of service, Eddie has decided it's time to retire in July. The committee wishes him the best for his retired life.

However, this leaves us needing a new grounds-person. This role is part-time, averaging around 5 hours per week. The duties involve the mowing (除草), rolling, and trimming (修剪) of the field edges. Applicants (求职者) need to drive and use the equipment needed for the above-mentioned duties.

Applicants can either contact Hugh Morris, 42 Spencer Avenue, tel. 765-4943780, to discuss or register an interest in the position, or any member of the Playingfield Committee.

- 16 Which organization is in need of a grounds-person?  
The \_\_\_\_\_.

- 17 Why is a new grounds-person needed?  
Because the former grounds-person, Eddie Christiansen, has decided it's time to \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_.
- 18 What are the duties of a grounds-person?  
His duties involve the mowing, \_\_\_\_\_ of the field edges.
- 19 What should applicants be able to do?  
They should be able to \_\_\_\_\_ the equipment needed for  
the duties.
- 20 Who is the contact person?  
\_\_\_\_\_ or any committee member.

## Part IV Translation

**Task** This part is to test your ability to translate English into Chinese. For sentences numbered 1 to 4, you should choose the best translation; for the paragraph numbered 5, write your translation.

- 1 If push comes to shove, you can try going to a career fair.  
A. 凑巧的话, 你可以试试去人才市场看看。  
B. 很急的话, 你可以去人才市场试试看。  
C. 方便的话, 你可以去人才市场看看。  
D. 来得及的话, 你可以去人才市场看看。
- 2 Players know they're working on science puzzles, but the games are meant to be fun.  
A. 玩家们知道他们正在研究科学奥秘, 但这些活动意味着有趣。  
B. 玩家们知道他们正在研究科学奥秘, 但这些活动本该是有趣的。  
C. 选手们知道他们正在探究科学奥秘, 但游戏就应该有趣。  
D. 选手们知道他们正在探究科学奥秘, 但这些活动设计的宗旨就是要有趣味性。
- 3 The manager was making a song and dance about a report that wasn't even accurate.  
A. 经理正在以一份甚至都不准确的报告进行实例讲解。  
B. 经理正在拿一份甚至都不准确的报告大说特说。  
C. 经理正在用一份甚至都不准确的报告宣讲歌曲和舞蹈结合的问题。  
D. 经理正在拿一份甚至都不准确的报告现身说法。
- 4 His remark not only broke the ice, but aroused everyone's interest.  
A. 他的话不仅打破了沉寂, 而且引起了每个人的兴趣。  
B. 他的话不仅仅打破了冰冷局面, 而且引起了每个人的兴趣。  
C. 他的话不仅破了冰, 而是引起了每个人的兴趣。  
D. 他的话不仅破了冰, 甚至激起了每个人的兴趣。

- 5 Don't leave assignments until the day before they are due! If you have a paper to write or a lab report to prepare, begin it as soon as possible. In most cases, instructors will be delighted to receive work early. Remember that many papers or projects require quite a bit of research before you can even begin writing.

## Part V Writing

**Task** Write a lost notice with the information given below.

**内容:** 假设你丢失了一个黑色书包, 写一份寻物启事。具体内容自拟, 要求包括丢失时间、地点、包内物品、酬谢方式和联系方式等。

## Part VI Speaking

**Task** Talk about your study plan for next week with your partner.